

MEXICAN POLITICS
POLS 3317-001

MID-TERM REVIEW

Identify:

1. PRI, PRD, and PAN
2. Federal District, Mexico City, Guadalajara, Monterrey
3. Copper Canyon—Tarahumara Indians
4. Role of the Catholic Church
5. Aztecs, Moctezuma and Cuahtemoc
6. Tenochtitlan
7. Hernan Cortes
8. Quetzalcoatl
9. Malinche
10. Mestizo
11. Sept. 16, 1810
12. Father Miguel Hidalgo
13. Grito de Dolores
14. Criollos
15. General Antonio Lopez de Santa Ana
16. Texas Independence
17. U.S.-Mexican War, 1846-48
18. “War of the North American Invasion”
19. Ninos Heroes
20. Museum in Churubusco
21. 1848 Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo
22. 1853 Gadsden Purchase
23. *La Reforma*
24. 1857 Constitution
25. Benito Juarez
26. 1862-67 intervention
27. Maximilian
28. Porfirio Diaz
29. “Administration over Politics”
30. cientificos, positivists, Jose Limantour
31. Rurales
32. Francisco Madero
33. Plan de San Luis Potosi
34. “Unleashed a tiger and could not control it”
35. Emiliano Zapata
36. Pancho Villa
37. Victoriano Huerta
38. Las Soldaderas
39. Venustiano Carranza
40. Wilson and Veracruz
41. Alvaro Obregon
42. Columbus, New Mexico—Pershing
43. 1917 Constitutional Convention
44. Plutarco Calles
45. Cristero rebellion
46. PNR
47. 1928-34--3 Calles puppets

48. Lázaro Cárdenas
49. PRM
50. Good Neighbor Policy
51. Gustavo Díaz Ordaz
52. Tlatelolco
53. Luis Echeverría
54. José López Portillo
55. Miguel de la Madrid
56. Carlos Salinas de Gortari
57. Ernesto Zedillo
58. Vicente Fox
59. Felipe Calderon

1. Overview the role of political dependency of Mexico vis-à-vis the United States (bilateral foreign relations)
2. What are the major dimensions and sub-dimensions of economic dependency? What are the major outcomes?
3. Define and describe late development and its characteristics. Cite examples and outcomes.
4. Overview the three strategies of development (conservative modernization, progressive modernization, and revolutionary modernization).
5. Describe the arguments/theories used to explain the following political trends (changes in regime type) in Latin America: (1) the emergence of democracy in the 1950s; (2) the resurgence of authoritarianism in the 1960s; and (3) the swing back to democracy in the 1980s. Briefly, how does Mexico relate to these theories?
6. ~~Overview the current Mexican party system, paying particular attention to the organization of the PRI, strategies of dominance by the PRI, challenges to the PRI, and the history, role, and strengths of the two major “opposition” parties: the PAN and the PRD.~~